

**Amendment to the Claims:**

1-20. (Canceled)

21. (New) A method of preparing a body for burial, comprising:  
providing a stainless steel cylindrical vessel with a door  
at a first end of the cylinder for entry and exit of the body,  
the vessel having a chamber which accommodates a body weight up  
to 400 lbs with dimensions of four feet in diameter by ten feet  
in length;

disrobing the body;

wrapping the body with kapa cloth composed of fibers of the  
paper mulberry tree plant to minimize handling of the body and to  
retain moisture;

opening the door of the vessel;

pulling a slidable tray supported by a plurality of rollers  
at least partially from an inner portion of the chamber, the  
slidable tray comprised of stainless steel wire mesh providing  
0.5 inch openings;

placing the body on the slidable tray;

conducting a final ritual over the body;

rolling the tray containing the body into the vessel through  
the door;

injecting steam at 212 degrees Fahrenheit with a mass flow  
rate of 1000 lbs/hour through a plurality of steam jets lining an  
interior wall of the vessel for a time period between four and  
five hours to cause tissue of the body to separate from bone  
structure, thereby rendering a clean bone structure with no  
remaining tissue or residue; and

collecting degraded kapa cloth and pela in a container of

the vessel, the container configured to receive the tissue of the body once the tissue has separated from the bone structure.

22. (New) The method of claim 21, further including the steps of:

- opening the door of the vessel once a determination has been made that the pela has separated from the bone structure;
- pulling the slidable tray at least partially from the inner portion of the chamber; and
- removing the bone structure for burial.

23. (New) The method of claim 21, further including the steps of:

- generating steam; and
- routing the steam to the plurality of steam jets lining an interior wall of the vessel.

24. (New) The method of claim 23 further including the steps of:

- channeling the tissue through a funnel after falling through the wire mesh of the tray.

25. (New) The method of claim 24 wherein the steam injected into the vessel maintains moisture content of the bone structure.

26. (New) A method of preparing a body for burial, comprising:  
providing a stainless steel cylindrical vessel with a door for entry and exit of the body, the vessel having a chamber which accommodates a body weight up to 400 lbs with dimensions of four feet in diameter by ten feet in length;

disrobing the body;  
opening the door of the vessel;  
pulling a slidable tray supported by a plurality of rollers  
at least partially from an inner portion of the chamber, the  
slidable tray comprised of stainless steel wire mess providing  
0.5 inch openings;  
placing kapa cloth composed of fibers of the paper mulberry  
tree plant on the slidable tray to minimize handling of the body  
and retain moisture;  
placing the body on the kapa cloth;  
conducting a final ritual over the body;  
rolling the tray containing the body into the vessel through  
the door;  
injecting steam at 212 degrees Fahrenheit with a mass flow  
rate of 1000 lbs/hour through a plurality of steam jets lining an  
interior wall of the vessel for a time period between four and  
five hours to cause tissue of the body to separate from bone  
structure, thereby rendering a clean bone structure with no  
remaining tissue or residue; and  
collecting degraded kapa cloth and pela in a container of  
the vessel, the container configured to receive the tissue of the  
body once the tissue has separated from the bone structure.

27. (New) The method of claim 26, further including prior to  
conducting the final ritual over the body, and subsequent to  
placing the body on the kapa cloth, covering the body with the  
kapa cloth.

28. (New) The method of claim 26, further including the steps  
of:

opening the door once a determination has been made that  
pela has been separated from the bone structure;  
pulling the slidable tray at least partially from the inner  
portion of the chamber; and  
removing the bone structure for burial.

29. (New) The method of claim 26, further including the steps  
of:

generating steam; and  
routing the steam to the plurality of steam jets lining an  
interior wall of the vessel.

30. (New) The method of claim 29 further including the steps  
of:

channeling the tissue through a funnel after falling through  
the wire mesh of the tray.

31. (New) The method of claim 30 wherein the steam injected  
into the vessel maintains moisture content of the bone structure.

32. (New) A method of preparing a body for burial, comprising:  
providing a stainless steel, egg-shaped vessel with a lid  
portion for entry and exit of the body and a pan portion, the  
vessel having a chamber which accommodates a body weight up to  
400 lbs with dimensions of four feet in diameter by ten feet in  
length;

disrobing the body;  
wrapping the body with kapa cloth comprising fibers made  
from paper mulberry tree bark to minimize handling of the body  
and retain moisture;

conducting a final ritual over the body;  
removing the lid portion of the vessel to accept the body;  
placing the body on a tray inside the chamber, the tray  
comprised of stainless steel wire mesh providing 0.5 inch  
openings;

closing the lid portion of the vessel;  
sealing the lid portion of the vessel with clamps;  
injecting steam at 212 degrees Fahrenheit with a mass flow  
rate of 1000 lbs/hour through a plurality of steam jets lining an  
interior wall of the vessel for a time period between four and  
five hours to cause tissue of the body to separate from bone  
structure, thereby rendering a clean bone structure with no  
remaining tissue or residue; and

collecting degraded kapa cloth and pela in a container  
located in the pan portion of the vessel, the container  
configured to receive the tissue of the body once the tissue has  
separated from the bone structure.

33. (New) The method of claim 32, further including the steps  
of:

opening the lid portion of the vessel once a determination  
has been made that pela has separated from the bone structure;  
removing the bone structure from the vessel for burial.

34. (New) The method of claim 32, further including the steps  
of:

generating steam; and  
routing the steam to the plurality of steam jets lining an  
interior wall of the vessel.

35. (New) The method of claim 34 further including the steps of:

channeling the tissue through a funnel after falling through the wire mesh of the tray.

36. (New) The method of claim 35 wherein the steam injected into the vessel maintains moisture content of the bone structure.